

AstraArt HCV qPCR Kit

PRINCIPLE

AstraArt HCV qPCR Kit is a one-step real-time polymerase chain reaction assay for the qualitative detection of human hepatitis C virus (HCV) in biological samples. The assay is a combination of the latest advanced buffer chemistry, PCR enhancers and stabilizers along with antibody-mediated hot-start polymerase, dNTPs and MgCl2. This assay has been designed for highly reproducible, accurate results in the presence of inhibitors, making it ideal for detection of lowest copy numbers of HCV viral RNA.

Nucleic acid obtained from samples collected will be amplified with primer probe designed towards **POLY gene for HCV and EIC synthetic control gene.**

Description	Specification	Quantity 100 tests			
qPCR Master Mix	qPCR amplification Mix	$1000\mu\ell \ge 1$ tube			
Primer Mix	Target specific Primer Probe mix	$1000\mu\ell \ge 1$ tube			
Positive Control (PC)	RNA Positive Control	$500\mu\ell$ x 1tube			
Negative control (NC)	No Template Control	$1000\mu\ell \ge 1$ tube			
Exogenous Internal Control (EIC)	Extraction control	$1000\mu\ell \ge 1$ tube			
Catalogue Number	AG/HCV/23/01				

STORAGE & STABILITY

- All the reagents should be stored at -20 °C. Use the reagents within 30 days once opened.
- Completely thaw the reagents before use. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles for reagents.

SAMPLE REQUIREMENTS

- Specimens collected for HCV investigation should be refrigerated (2 to 8°C) or frozen (-20°C or lower) within one hour after collection.
- If transport exceeds 7 days for the sample to be tested, specimens should be stored at -20°C or lower.
- Longer term specimen storage (>60 days from collection) is recommended at -70°C
- It is ideal to carry out extraction protocol with fresh samples.
- Repeated freezing and thawing should be avoided.
- Transport the specimens at a temperature between 2 to 8°C.

SAMPLE COLLECTION

- Whole Blood and other biological samples can be collected.
- Follow universal precautions. All specimens should be considered as potentially infectious and handled accordingly.
- Ensure that a suitable lab coat, disposable gloves and protective goggles are worn when handling specimens and kit reagents.

ASSAY PROCEDURE:

Nucleic acid along with EIC ($10\mu\ell$ per sample) is isolated from the sample using Nucleic acid extraction system and is amplified using the AstraArt HCV qPCR Kit on the Real-time PCR Instrument system. In the process, the probe anneals a specific target sequence located between the forward and reverse primers. During the extension phase of the PCR cycle, the 5' nuclease activity of Taq polymerase degrades the probe, causing the reporter dye to separate from the quencher dye, generating a fluorescent signal. With each cycle, additional reporter dye molecules are cleaved from their respective probes, increasing the fluorescence intensity. Fluorescence intensity is monitored at each PCR cycle by the Real-time PCR Instrument system.

a. Preparation of Real-time PCR reagents: Briefly Centrifuge all the reagents. Prepare the reagents according to the table below. The final volume is calculated by multiplying the number of samples by the volume of each component in Table 1 accordingly.

Table 1: Components of Master mix:

Components	
qPCR Master Mix	10 µl
Primer Mix	$10\mu\ell$
Total Volume	20µl

b. Mix the reaction master mix and spin-down briefly. Aliquot $20\mu\ell$ of the master mix into each well of 96-well plate and add $10\mu\ell$ of the sample RNA/Negative control/Positive control/Negative extraction control accordingly. Seal the plate and spin-down briefly. Run the Protocol immediately on the Real-time PCR instrument with following cycling conditions in Table 2.

Table 2: Cycling Conditions:

Steps	Temperature °C	Time	Cycle				
1	55	10 minutes	1				
	95	15 minutes	1				
2	95	5 seconds					
3	60	15 seconds	5				
4	67	15 seconds					
5	95	5 seconds					
6	60*	15 seconds	40				
7	67	15 seconds					
HCV target sequence in HEX/VIC/Yellow channel, Exogenous Internal Control (EIC) – FAM/Green channel.							
*Fluorescence measured at 60° C.							



Note: Please select "None" in both Passive reference and Quencher.

c. Interpretation of Results:

Interpret the values for unknown samples based on the observations as described in the following table. \leq 38 Ct of unknown samples should be considered for result interpretation. The sensitivity of the kit is 15 IU/ml. The specificity of hepatitis C virus RNA detection is 100%.

Table 3: Determination of CT value:

Fluorescent Channel	CT value	Result
EIC (FAM)	≤ 38	+
HCV (VIC/HEX)	≤ 38	+

Table 4: Conclusion:

results	EIC (FAM)	HCV (VIC/HEX)	Conclusion
Negative Extraction Control	+	-	Valid
Negative Control	-	-	Valid
Positive control	+	+	Valid
Sample	+	+	Positive
Sample	-	+	Positive
Sample	+	-	Negative
Sample	-	-	Invalid run repeat test with fresh sample

LIMITATION OF THE PROCEDURE:

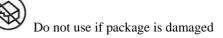
- 1. AstraArt HCV qPCR Kit is used for qualitative detection of HCV virus from specimens.
- 2. The specimen to be tested shall be collected, processed, stored, and transported in accordance with the conditions specified in the instructions. Inappropriate specimen preparation and operation may lead to inaccurate results.
- 3. Extraction and amplification of nucleic acid from samples must be performed according to the specified methods listed in this procedure.
- 4. The kit has been validated for the following Real-Time PCR instruments: CFX96TM Deep Well Real-Time PCR Detection System (Bio-Rad), CFX96TM Deep Well Dx System (Bio-Rad), CFX96TM Real-Time PCR Detection System (BioRad), CFX96TM Dx System (Bio-Rad), CFX96TM Real-Time PCR Detection System (Bio-Rad), CFX96TM Real-Time PCR System (Applied Biosystems).

WARNING & PRECAUTIONS:

• Do not use the product if there is evidence of leakage.

• Adhere to standard procedures and published protocols for sample collection, processing, and disposal.

SYMBOLS:





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Refer to the instructions 13485:2016 ISO



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